

International Partnership for Hydrogen and Fuel Cells in the Economy

# **Republic of Korea Update**

40<sup>th</sup> IPHE Steering Committee Meeting 4 – 5 October 2023 Washington DC, United States



## **Announcements / New Initiatives Republic of Korea**



### Investments/Funding/Policies/Initiatives

- 1. Rule Making on Clean Hydrogen Certification Mechanism (ongoing)
  - Proposed threshold: < 4kgCO<sub>2</sub>eq/kgH<sub>2</sub> (well-to-gate)
    - Transportation (international shipping) emissions: temporarily not counted
  - Accounting methodologies for production
  - Due to open in January 2024
- 2. Auction for first batch of Clean Hydrogen Portfolio Standard (August 2023)
  - 715 GWh, a half of annual quota (1.3 TWh), awarded to 5 fuel cell power generation businesses
    - Only general section (unabated grey hydrogen eligible) opened this year
  - Results shows lowered prices, more distributed power near demand centers, as intended
  - Winners of the other half to be called in November
  - Clean hydrogen section (3.5 TWh) to be opened in 2024 along with general (1.3 TWh) section

## Announcements / New Initiatives Republic of Korea



### New Research & Development, Demonstration and/or Deployment Activities

- 1. Fuel cell bus deployment in major cities (June 2023)
  - City of Seoul plans to deploy 1,300 FC buses by 2026, first replacing airport-route buses running on diesel
  - In April, city of Incheon (130 units) and other cities/provinces received grant for FC bus purchase (400 units in total)
- 2. First HRS for construction/industrial equipment (September 2023)
  - MOTIE embarked on deregulation process for similar HRS for heavy equipment

## Key Collaborations

N/A

### • Other

N/A



# Examples of Lessons Learned and Impact Republic of Korea

 Due to the Russo-Ukraine crisis, the domestic petrochemical industry reduced production of byproduct hydrogen

**Program initiative, policy, regulation or mandate** 

- Supply disruption in some regions led to shortage of hydrogen for Korea's huge FCEV fleet in August '22
- Mobility hydrogen supply consultation body was activated last February to facilitate cooperation between public and private sector over stable hydrogen supply
- Other supply security measures were taken such as small to medium-sized regional-hub hydrogen production facilities, liquefaction plants in strategic cities, etc.

- Importance of hydrogen supply and demand management
- Necessity of establishing a stable hydrogen supply chain

**Lessons Learned/Outcomes** 

- **Diversification** of hydrogen production and supply channel based on close stakeholder cooperation
- Transition from a hydrogen supply chain focused on by-product hydrogen to a hydrogen supply chain of various production channels
- Enhancing **capacity of hydrogen stockpiling** (e.g. liquid hydrogen, hydrogen pipeline etc.)



## **Republic of Korea – Profile October 2023**



Status of Deployments(June 2023)

✓ Stationary FC: 930MW

✓ FCEV: **32,484** 

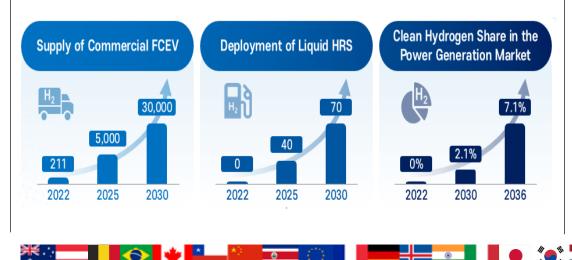
✓ FC Bus: **342** 

✓ HRS: **181** 

### Leading Government Initiatives

3-Up<sup>\*</sup> policy package \* Scale-up, Build-up, Level-up backed by Hydrogen Economy Promotion and Hydrogen Safety Management Law (Feb. '20)

#### **Deployment Goals**



#### **Goals or Focus Areas**

- Huge **demand creation**
- Demand-based distribution infrastructure
- Clean hydrogen supply chain establishment
- Institutional foundation for hydrogen market

### Funding

- Mobility subsidy budget: 850B KRW (634M USD)
- Clean hydrogen R&D budget: 25.9B KRW (19.3M USD)

# Thank you



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